

THE NEWS FROM ABROAD.

The Senatorial Elections in France Yesterday.

**A Sweeping Victory for the Republicans—
Wonderful Decrease of the Conserva-
tive Vote—England's Campaign in
the East—Her Troops Three
Days from Candahar—
Labor Troubles, &c.**

The French Elections

PARIS, Jan. 5.—The ministerial elections which took place to-day resulted in a great Republican triumph. Of forty-seven Conservative Senators whose term expired only thirteen have been re-elected. All the retiring Republican Senators have been re-elected. The general result shows the election of fifteen Conservatives and sixty-four Republicans. The Republican majority in the Senate will be about fifty-seven. Second ballots are necessary in the departments of the Haute Garonne, and Landes. The result of the elections in the Chamber of Deputies will be decided by the newly elected Republican Senators are MM. Fournier, Ambassador to Turkey; de Ramat, Paine, and Massy, and General Faidherbe. Among the rejected Conservatives are MM. de Lamoignon, Minister of Agriculture, de la Vardie, Adrien de Montgolfier, Viscount de Moux, M. Depesse, M. de Pastard, Count Darn, General Doussout, M. Bernard Dutreuil, M. Bompart, Count de Bonville, Marshal van

PARIS, Jan. 5.—Later returns show that M. Dufour de Gavardie, Conservative, has been elected to the Senate on a second ballot. The electoral statistics wonderfully corroborate the reports of the progress made by the Republicans in France. Fifty-six Conservatives

lected in 1876 received 15,646 votes, whereas in 1879 they only obtained 3,298 votes, thus losing 12,348 votes. Nineteen Republicans elected in 1876 received 5,033 votes, and in 1879 received 29,292, thus gaining 14,259 votes.

was also formerly noted for its reactionary sympathies. The departments of Herault and Ille et Vilaine have also completely abandoned their former Conservatism. The Conservatives are still dominant in Gers, where ex-Minister Balthas has been re-elected, and Indre where MM. Bondy and De Clément have been re-elected.

WITHIN THREE DAYS OF CANDIDATE.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—A special dispatch to the *Daily Telegraph* says: "The British are within three days' march of Candahar. The hostile forces are estimated each at 4,000."

A dispatch to the same journal from Jelala-abad states that it is rumored that Yakob Khan is preparing to flee, probably in the direction of Herat.

ENGLISH RAILWAY STRIKERS
LONDON, Jan. 5.—The striking employees at all points on the Midland Railway remain very firm in their determination to continue their strike until the company has agreed to pay the drivers and porters and others, but it is currently reported at Nottingham that the drivers will strike *en masse* if incompetent persons are engaged. It is also reported that the striking pointmen at Nottingham on Monday. The pointmen also threaten to strike.

CONFERENCE OF MASTERS
LONDON, Jan. 5.—The conference of masters engineers has been postponed until the end of the month, with a view to securing the co-operation of the great railways. The Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company have at last agreed to reduce the wages of the engine drivers and the wages of their employees. It is said the London and Northwestern Railway Company are about to reduce the wages of their employees by 10 per cent. in the near future.

WITH COAL-BACK FURNACE
LONDON, Jan. 5.—It is believed that the

abilities of the Cornish bank are over £1,000,000 sterling. Some say the bank can pay in full, but it seems to be the more general opinion that this is impossible in the present state of mining enterprise. It is believed the mines of Western Cornwall alone owe the bank £100,000, the calling in of which loans would have a most disastrous effect on the whole of West Cornwall.

AFFAIRS IN TURKEY.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Reuter's dispatches from Constantinople says Sultanism Pasha's appeal has been rejected. He has been degraded and exiled for life, and now appeals to the Sultan.

Salvatore Pasia, the new Ambassador to Paris, has asked the Sultan to be allowed to remain in Constantinople, and is authorized to postpone his departure. It is probable that another Ambassador will be appointed.

The Porte has informed Prince Lapanoff that it has absolutely resolved to surround Pologritza. If the commissaire fails to persuade the inhabitants it will withdraw the Turkish troops and functionaries. Prince Lapanoff has replied that the surrender of Pologritza will accelerate the evacuation of Turkish territory by the Russians.

RISMARCK'S TARIFF BILL.

LONDON, JAN. 6.—The *Standard's* correspondent at Berlin states that the tariff commission

The *Post's* Berlin dispatch says the tariff commission has been instructed to consider separately the advisability of imposing more than an ordinary increase on tobacco, petroleum and spirits.

MONSIEUR MONCAI WAS EXECUTED.

Madrid, Jan. 24.—Monsieur Moncai was attempted to assassinate the King of Spain in the streets of Madrid, on the 25th of October last, was executed at 8:05 o'clock this morning. At midnight the prisoner made a will leaving his property to his wife. At five o'clock he attempted to escape by a window, but was led from the prison and conducted to carriage, in which he was conveyed to the scaffold, which he mounted without support, leaning meanwhile to the admonitions of the priests. Two minutes before eight o'clock he was on the scaffold. An immense number of spectators were present.

The *Diario Espanol* says: "Moncai before his execution gave his confessor instructions to tell his personal friends that the King of Spain would be avenged."

Moncai died peacefully.

Program of the Southern Pacific Railroad.
(Special dispatch to the Republican.)
END OF TRACK S. P. R. R.
ARIZONA, JUN. 5.
Laid 5,000 feet of track yesterday.
J. H. STROBRIDGE,
Chief of Construction.

Madame Anderson's Walk.
New York, Jan. 5.—At ten o'clock to-night
Madame Anderson had completed 1,820 quarter
miles in her attempt to walk 2,700 quarter

Prayers for Bishop Whittingham.